

210 AUTHORIZED ACCESS POINT – CORPORATE BODY NAME

Field Definition and Scope

Preferred form of a corporate body name.

It is formulated in accordance with the cataloguing rules or subject system in use by the agency which created it.

The subfields forming the base access point that identify the corporate name are \$a, \$b, \$h and \$g. Qualifying data are recorded in \$c, \$d, \$e and \$f.

Territorial names followed by a corporate body subdivision are considered corporate body names (field 210); territorial names alone or only with subject subdivisions as additions are considered territorial names (field 215).

Field is repeatable for alternative script forms.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
210	AUTHORIZED ACCESS POINT – CORPORATE BODY NAME	R	O
a	Entry Element	NR	MA
b	Subdivision	R	O
c	Addition to Name or Qualifier	R	O
d	Number of Meeting and/or Number of Part of Meeting	NR	O
e	Location of Meeting	NR	O
f	Date of Meeting	NR	O
g	Inverted Element	NR	O
h	Part of Name Other than Entry Element and Inverted Element	NR	O
j	Form Subdivision	R	O
x	Topical Subdivision	R	O
y	Geographical Subdivision	R	O
z	Chronological Subdivision	R	O
4	Relator Code	R	O
6	Interfield Linking Data	R	O
7	Script of Cataloguing and Script of the Base Access Point	NR	O
8	Language of Cataloguing and Language of the Base Access Point	NR	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1	#	Specifies the Type of Corporate Body
	0	Corporate name
	1	Meeting
2		Specifies the Way the Names are Entered
	0	Name in inverted form
	1	Name entered under place or jurisdiction

	2	Name entered under name in direct order
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Indicators Description

Indicator 1: Specifies the Type of Corporate Body

The first indicator specifies whether the corporate body is a meeting or not. Meetings include conferences, symposia, etc. If the name of the meeting is a subdivision of the name of a corporate body, the name is regarded as that of a corporate body (EX [4](#)). If the source format does not distinguish meeting names from other corporate names, the indicator position should contain the fill character.

Subfields Description

\$a Entry Element

Portion of the name used as the entry element in the access point; that part of the name by which the name is entered in ordered lists; i.e., the part of the name up to the first filing boundary.

This subfield is not repeatable but must be present if the field is present.

\$b Subdivision

Name of a lower level in a hierarchy when the name includes a hierarchy (EX [1](#), [4](#)); or the name of the corporate body when it is entered under place (EX [2](#), [8](#)).

This subfield excludes additions to the name added by the cataloguer to distinguish it from other institutions of the same name (see \$c, \$g, \$h). Repeatable if there is more than one lower level in the hierarchy.

\$c Addition to Name or Qualifier

Addition to the name of the corporate body added by the cataloguer, other than number, place and date of conference.

Repeatable. (EX [3](#), [4](#))

\$d Number of Meeting and/or Number of Part of Meeting

Number of a meeting when the meeting belongs to a numbered series.

Not repeatable. (EX [4](#))

\$e Location of Meeting

Place where a meeting was held when it is required as part of the access point.

Not repeatable. (EX [4](#), [5](#))

\$f Date of Meeting

Date of a meeting when it is required as part of the access point.

Not repeatable. (EX [4](#), [5](#))

\$g Inverted Element

Any part of the name of the corporate body which is removed from the beginning of the name in order to enter the body under a word which is more likely to be sought. Not repeatable.

This subfield is more commonly used in variant access points. (See EX [5](#) under field 410.)

\$h Part of Name Other than Entry Element and Inverted Element

Part of the name following the inversion in a access point with an inverted element.

Not repeatable.

\$j Form Subdivision

Term added to a subject access point to further specify the kind(s) or genre(s) of material (EX [6](#)).

Agencies not using this subdivision should use \$x instead (EX [5](#)). Repeatable.

\$x Topical Subdivision

Term added to a subject access point to further specify the topic the subject access point represents.

Repeatable. (EX [5](#), [7](#), [8](#))

\$y Geographical Subdivision

Term added to a subject access point to specify a place in relation to a corporate body which the subject access point represents.

Repeatable. (EX [7](#))

\$z Chronological Subdivision

Term added to a subject access point to specify the period in time in relation to a corporate body which the subject access point represents.

Repeatable. (EX [8](#))

\$4 Relator Code

See specification of [Control Subfield 4](#).

Use when the field is embedded in fields 241, 242. The list of codes is to be found in UNIMARC/Bibliographic format, App. B. Repeatable.

\$6 Interfield Linking Data

See specification of [Control Subfield 6](#). Repeatable.

In cases of multiple identities occurring in the same record, i.e. when the 010 field is repeated, use to link the 010 field containing an ISNI with the 210 field containing the name to be associated with that ISNI. Repeatable.

\$7 Script of Cataloguing and Script of the Base Access Point

See specification of [Control Subfield 7](#). Not repeatable.

\$8 Language of Cataloguing and Language of the Base Access Point

See specification of [Control Subfield 8](#). Not repeatable.

Related Fields

150 CODED DATA FIELD: CORPORATE NAME
410 VARIANT ACCESS POINT – CORPORATE BODY NAME
510 RELATED ACCESS POINT – CORPORATE BODY NAME
710 AUTHORIZED ACCESS POINT IN OTHER LANGUAGE AND/OR SCRIPT – CORPORATE BODY NAME

Examples

EX 1
210 02\$aBrunel University.\$bEducation Liaison Centre

EX 2
210 01\$aOntario.\$bOffice of Arbitration
EX 3
210 02\$aPomorski muzej\$c(Kotor)
EX 4
210 02\$aLabour Party\$c(Great Britain).\$bConference\$d(72nd ;\$f1972 ;\$eBlackpool, Lancashire)
EX 5
210 12\$aNorth Carolina Conference on Water Conservation\$f(1975 ;\$eRaleigh)\$xPeriodicals
EX 6
210 02\$aChurch of England.\$xClergy.\$jBiography
EX 7
210 02\$aCatholic Church\$yScotland\$xGovernment
EX 8
210 01\$aUnited States\$bArmy\$xRecruiting, enlistment, etc.\$zCivil War, 1861-1865
EX 9
210 01\$aРоссия\$c1917, февраль – октябрь\$bМинистерство продовольствия
EX 10
210 01\$aРоссийская Федерация\$bГосударственная Дума\$c2003-
EX 11
210 02\$aИнститут археологии\$cМосква
EX 12
210 12\$aМеждународная научная конференция на тему “Государства Центральной Азии: поиск места в мировой политике”\$f1994\$eМосква
EX 13
210 02\$aСтрогановское центральное художественно-промышленное училище\$cМосква
EX 14
210 10\$aБут,\$gНиколай Яковлевич,\$hВыставка произведений “Выполняя интернациональный долг. Афганские зарисовки”\$f1985\$eМосква
EX 15
210 02\$a≠NSB≠”≠NSE≠Курск≠NSB≠”≠NSE≠, атомная подводная лодка\$xАвария\$хЭкологическиепоследствия
EX 16
210 02\$aМузей изящных искусств\$cТолидо, город (Огайо, штат; США)\$xКоллекцияграфики\$хВыставки\$z2005 – 2006
EX 17

Record 1: record from the Russian national authority file of corporate names
152 ##\$aRCR
210 01\$aГермания\$bВерховное главнокомандование вооруженными силами\$bУправление разведки и контрразведки
Record 2: record from the Russian national authority file of subject access points
152 ##\$bnlr_sh
210 02\$aАбвер
The example shows access points for the same corporate body formulated in accordance with descriptive cataloguing rules and subject system in use.
EX 18
210 00\$8itaita\$aLucca\$gFrancesco & C.\$z1826-1828
410 02\$5n\$8itaita\$aFrancesco Lucca & C.
410 00\$5z\$8itafre\$aLucca\$gFrançois & C.
510 00\$5h\$8itaita\$aLucca\$gFrancesco
500 #1\$6z01010\$5xxxs\$8itaita\$aLucca\$bFrancesco\$f1802-1872\$o0000000121189031
The name Francesco Lucca & C. was used by the publisher only in 1826-1828. Founder and owner was Francesco Lucca. The publishing house had no name, ISNI is referred to the owner.

History

1994	Text errata.
2009	New paragraphs: Notes on Field Contents, Subfields forming the base access point.
2009	Updated definition/scope: Indicator 1.
2016	Update field.